



Diaspora engagement mapping

AZERBAIJAN

Facts & figures

Political rights



Dual citizenship¹



Right to vote in national elections
for citizens residing abroad²



Remittances



Remittances as a share of GDP: **1.82%**
Remittances inflow (USD billion): **1,352**

Voting from abroad:³

At polling stations



Data disclaimer

As diaspora definitions vary widely, we have chosen to use comparable data on emigration as a proxy. This does not include all who consider themselves diaspora and is not necessarily aligned with national definitions of diaspora. Emigration data comes from [UNDESA \(2024\)](#) and remittances from the [World Bank \(2024\)](#).

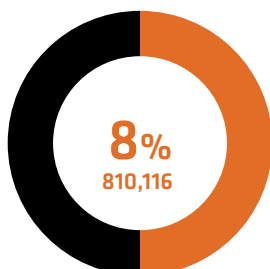
Emigration



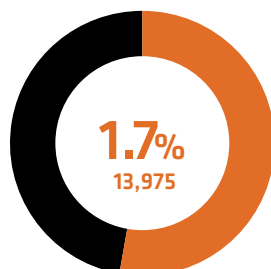
% of emigrants in
total population



% of which
in the EU



♂ 50%
♀ 40%



♂ 53%
♀ 47%

Top countries of destination



Russian Federation	308,165
Armenia	187,421
Türkiye	117,860
Ukraine	84,792
Uzbekistan	20,079

1 Art. 10 of the Law on Citizenship of the Republic of Azerbaijan "Non-Recognition of Affiliation of the Citizen of the Republic of Azerbaijan to Citizenship of a Foreign State" states that when a citizen of the Republic of Azerbaijan has dual citizenship, the citizenship of a foreign state shall not be recognized except for cases stipulated in international treaties of the Republic of Azerbaijan, or in accordance with item 32 of article 109 of the Constitution of the Republic of Azerbaijan.

2 Article 16.4 of the Election Code of the Republic of Azerbaijan "Cases of Citizens' Non-Participation in Voting" stipulates that citizens of the Republic of Azerbaijan who are in a foreign country where no Azerbaijani diplomatic Representation or Consulate exist, or where no Precinct Election Commission has been established at the Azerbaijani Diplomatic Representation or Consulate according to Article 35.6 of this Code, shall not participate in voting.

3 Article 35.6 of the Election Code of the Republic of Azerbaijan

Terminology: National lawmakers operate with two terms – ‘diaspora’ and ‘Azerbaijanis living abroad’. The Law On the State Policy Towards Azerbaijanis Living Abroad (Art.6.2) uses both terms. However, it only defines ‘Azerbaijanis living abroad’ as follows:

- Citizens of the Republic of Azerbaijan and their children;
- Persons who were previously citizens of the Azerbaijan SSR or the Republic of Azerbaijan and their children;
- The term ‘Azerbaijanis living abroad’ also applies to the persons and their children who are not citizens of Azerbaijan and have never held citizenship of Azerbaijan, but consider themselves Azerbaijanis in terms of ethnic, linguistic, cultural or historical ties.

The term “World Azerbaijanis” is also sometimes used to refer to the diaspora, outside of official documents.

Overview of the policy and legislative framework



2002

Law On the State Policy Towards Azerbaijanis Living Abroad.⁴ The law consists of protecting basic rights and freedoms of Azerbaijanis living abroad (Art. 2.0.1.); strengthening ties between Azerbaijanis living abroad, state bodies, and non-governmental organisations of the Azerbaijan Republic; providing Azerbaijanis living abroad with information on the domestic and foreign policy of Azerbaijan, its economic, social and cultural life (Art. 2.0.2); engaging Azerbaijanis living abroad in protecting and strengthening the state independence and sovereignty, and the economic, social and cultural development of Azerbaijan (Art. 2.0.3); assisting in creating national and cultural autonomies, public associations of Azerbaijanis living abroad (Art 2.0.4).

2002

Decree On Establishment of the State Committee on Affairs with Diaspora of the Republic of Azerbaijan. The State Committee is designed to work with diaspora to develop state policy and ensure the implementation of this policy; to help to protect the rights and freedoms of Azerbaijanis living in foreign countries, and to preserve and develop their national entity, including study and use of the mother tongue. It also collects, analyses, and evaluates information about the situation of Azerbaijanis living abroad and has established a special data bank for this purpose.

2004

The Concept of State Migration Management Policy of the Republic of Azerbaijan stipulates that the migration state authorities will focus on the following activities: establishing close relations with Azerbaijani communities and associations operating abroad; assisting the Azerbaijani Diaspora and strengthening its potential in order to protect the rights and interests of Azerbaijanis working or residing abroad.

2018

The Decree of the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan on the Establishment of the Fund for Support to Azerbaijani Diaspora⁵ under the subordination of the State Committee on Affairs with Diaspora of the Republic of Azerbaijan, includes: further development and introduction of values and interests of the State of Azerbaijan among World Azerbaijanis, implementation of activities for the protection of national interests abroad; national and civil rights of Azerbaijanis living abroad; assistance in solving social, economic, political, cultural and moral challenges of the compatriots; implementation of social projects and further consolidation of the organisations of the Azerbaijani diaspora.

⁴ Law No. 413-IIG On the State Policy Towards Azerbaijanis Living Abroad dated of December 27, 2002, with amendments of the Law No. 426-VQD of the Azerbaijan Republic of 29.11.2016. Accessed August 7, 2020. Available at <http://www.e-qanun.az/framework/1947>

⁵ Decree of the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan on the Establishment of the Fund for Support to Azerbaijani Diaspora dated July 6, 2018. Accessed August 7, 2020.

- 2025 ● **Joint Action Plan on the Diaspora.** The Organisation of Turkic States (OTC), of which Azerbaijan is a member, adopted the action plan to strengthen coordination among diaspora engagement institutions, deepen relationships with Turkic communities abroad and enhance the visibility of diaspora engagement efforts. The action plan is set to be implemented in 2026.

Practices

Explore 520+ practices by country, SDG or sector of engagement in the [interactive database!](#) 

Next Step

Next Step is a 'Start-up ecosystem' aiming to develop the start-up ecosystem in Azerbaijan, and to strengthen the relations of start-up players living in different countries of the world. The Azerbaijani Innovation House connects the start-up ecosystem of Azerbaijan with the Silicon Valley. The opening ceremony of the Azerbaijani Innovation House took place in February 2020 at Stanford University, US.

Azerbaijani Diaspora Youth Summer Camp

The camp is organised in cooperation with the Fund for Support to Azerbaijani Diaspora. It is designed for young people (aged 18–29) who are able to communicate in Azerbaijani language and are interested in the history and culture of Azerbaijan. The first summer camp dedicated to the 100th Anniversary of the Democratic Republic of Azerbaijan took place in 2018 in Shaki, whilst the 2020 edition's theme was volunteering. The initiative is present on social media networks [Facebook](#), [Instagram](#) and [Twitter](#).

MOBILAZE Migration studies weekends

The objective of the MOBILAZE project (2016-2019) was to support the implementation of the Mobility Partnership between the EU and Azerbaijan with a specific focus on strengthening the capacity of the government to develop and implement the national migration policy. As part of the project, several study weekends were organised by the State Committee on Work with Diaspora; they focused on various topics related to migration challenges, including an introduction to migration and development. The weekends targeted young professionals working in a migration-related field and aimed to raise awareness of opportunities for development offered by migration in the context of Azerbaijan.

Reintegration Support to Azerbaijani Returnees (RESTART) project 2019 – 2021

This project, which is co-funded by several EU Member States (Germany, the Netherlands and Poland) and implemented by ICMPD, aims at supporting the implementation of the readmission agreement in the area of reintegration through strengthening the capacities of authorities and civil society in Azerbaijan to actively facilitate sustainable return from the European Union Member States and reintegration of Azerbaijani nationals

World Azerbaijanis Congress

The congress serves as a discussion platform for diaspora leaders. It works to protect the rights and freedoms of compatriots, to undertake diaspora advocacy and lobbying, to develop a strategy for youth in the Azerbaijani Diaspora movement, and to be representative in political life and other important topics for the diaspora. The first Congress of World Azerbaijanis was held in 2001 and subsequent congresses were held in 2006, 2011 and 2016. The fourth congress brought together over 500 diaspora representatives and guests

from 49 countries.⁶ The congress elected the Coordinating Council for World Azerbaijanis, which aims to meet every year and is led by its executive secretary. The Executive Secretary of the Council is a Chairman of the State Committee on works with Diaspora.

Forum of Azerbaijani Scientists Living Abroad

The forum, organised by the World Union of Azerbaijani Scientists with the support of the State Committee for Work with the Diaspora and the Ministry of Science and Education, brought together 80 Azerbaijani scientists from 23 countries. It facilitated connections and promoted the exchange of knowledge and experience with scientists and professors from various universities in Azerbaijan.

“Brain Gain” Programme

Implemented by the State Committee on Work with Diaspora, it aims to arrange meetings between the Azerbaijani specialists living abroad and local universities' staff and students. The programme also intends to establish ties among diaspora and higher educational institutions of Azerbaijan.

Interactive diaspora map

The State Committee on Work with the Diaspora created an interactive diaspora map identifying 570 Azerbaijani diaspora organisations operating across 50 countries. The map is intended to strengthen cultural ties with diaspora communities abroad and to provide opportunities for direct engagement with diaspora leaders.

Medal for Services in Diaspora Activity

A medal “for services in diaspora activity” was established by the Presidential Decree of December 25, 2019. The medal is given to distinguished persons for their services in diaspora activities.

International Solidarity Day of Azerbaijanis

The International Solidarity Day of Azerbaijanis is celebrated annually on 31 December and symbolises unity among Azerbaijanis worldwide. The day promotes cohesion among different waves of emigrants and reinforces their connection to Azerbaijan, supporting long-term diaspora involvement in cultural diplomacy, advocacy and national development.

Central Portal of Diaspora Organisations

The portal aims to centralise information for Azerbaijani diaspora organisations' news and resources. It was developed through a technical support programme implemented by the Committee on Work with the Diaspora in the field of information and communication technologies.

⁶ Report. Az(2016): IV Congress of World Azerbaijanis opens in Baku. Accessed August 4, 2020. Available at <https://report.az/en/diaspora/iv-congress-of-world-azerbaijanis-opens-in-baku/>

>> Observations

The “Observations” and “Obstacles” sections contain additional information on the context of diaspora engagement that does not fit directly into the other sections. They are based on a combination of literature review and comments from the authors. New information is incorporated during the annual updates. Readers are invited to verify the relevance of the information at the time of reading, as the context may have evolved.

Azerbaijan aims to mobilise the international Azerbaijani diaspora and strengthen its networks abroad. The unresolved Nagorno-Karabakh conflict has been one of the most influential factors shaping Azerbaijan’s approach to organising and supporting diaspora activities. The Azerbaijani diaspora is increasingly involved in advocacy efforts, peaceful demonstrations, and commemorative events to raise international awareness of the history and ongoing impact of the conflict. The pro-Azerbaijan lobby seeks to amplify the country’s interests internationally, including within European political spheres.

Obstacles



- **Lack of a legal framework:** There is no comprehensive, long-term strategy on diaspora. Social capital, including professional knowledge, skills and expertise, is still less valued as a form of diaspora engagement in Azerbaijan.
- **Limited unity and communication:** Azerbaijanis living abroad are heterogeneous and not in agreement on all subjects, which prevents them from uniting, organising, and acting as a single force. The diversity and fragmentation of Azerbaijani diaspora organizations in some countries limits collaboration between organisations and the State of Azerbaijan.

Annex:

List of actors

Diaspora related institutions

- **At regional level**

The President of the Republic of Azerbaijan 1991

In 2002, former President Heydar Aliiev issued the Decree on the establishment of the State Committee on Work with the Diaspora.

- At ministerial level

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Azerbaijan 1991

The MFA is in charge of promoting the rights and interests of Azerbaijanis abroad.

- At sub-ministerial level

The State Committee on Work with the Diaspora of the Republic of Azerbaijan 2008⁷

This governmental agency within the Cabinet of the Ministers of the Republic of Azerbaijan is in charge of establishing and maintaining contacts with the Azerbaijani diaspora abroad and supports the Azerbaijanis around the world in their efforts for national unity. Nowadays, the State Committee on Affairs with Diaspora is an executive body that includes five departments divided by world regions: Russia, Belarus and Ukraine; the EU countries; Asian and Transcaucasian states; the USA and Canada; plus one additional territorial department dealing with Azerbaijanis living in Georgia. The Committee is headed by the Chairman who is appointed by the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan.

The State Agency for Public Service and Social Innovations under the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan 2012

The agency concentrates on the innovation potential of the Azerbaijani diaspora. On 15 February 2019, a Memorandum of Understanding was signed between the State Agency for Public Service and Social Innovations under the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan and the State Committee on Work with Diaspora of the Republic of Azerbaijan. The Memorandum envisages joint events on providing Azerbaijanis living abroad with services in a mobile form. The cooperation also includes protection of the rights and legitimate interests of Azerbaijanis living abroad, as well as coordinating the activities of ASAN Radio and the Azerbaijani Diaspora Support Fund in order to carry out legal and propaganda work aimed at disseminating Azerbaijani realities around the world.⁸

- At local level

Fund for Support to Azerbaijani Diaspora (ADDF) 2018

The Fund for Support to Azerbaijani Diaspora is a legal entity aimed at informing the international community about reforms and achievements in the Republic of Azerbaijan to protect interests of the country, its national and moral values. It implements activities directed to the protection of the national and civil rights of Azerbaijanis living abroad; undertakes advocacy and related social projects; and consolidates links with diaspora organisations.

⁷ <http://www.e-qanun.az/framework/17528>

⁸ Available at <http://vxside.gov.az/en/article/1130> Accessed August 7, 2020.

Explore the institutionalisation of diaspora engagement worldwide via the [typology of 520+ institutions](#)



The Heydar Aliyev Foundation 2004

The Foundation aims to promote the cultural heritage of Azerbaijan and Azerbaijan's image worldwide.

Diaspora organisations in Europe

Zentralrat der Aserbajdschanischen Diaspora in Deutschland

(ZADD e.V) 2017 Germany

[EN: The Council of the Azerbaijani Diaspora in Germany]

Status of the organisation: Active

☑ Integration activities

The association aims to improve the integration of Azerbaijanis living in Germany and to increase their access to opportunities in all areas of life, in particular through practical help, support and representation of diaspora interests. It also aims to familiarize the German population with Azerbaijani culture, music, history and politics.

The Congress of European Azerbaijanis (CEA) 2004 Belgium

Status of the organisation: Inactive

☑ Development activities

CEA is officially based in Belgium. CEA is mainly organising events to conduct pro-Azerbaijani lobby. Its 2004 establishing conference was attended by representatives of the Azerbaijan communities and diaspora organizations of Ukraine, the Russian Federation, Belarus, Sweden, Switzerland, Norway, Denmark, Finland, Belgium, Austria, Netherlands, France, Spain, Czech, Poland, Romania, Hungary, Bulgaria, Germany, heads of the Azerbaijan societies functioning in the US, Uzbekistan, Kazakhstan and Kyrgyzstan. [f] [t]

QALA Association of Greek-Azeri Friendship 2017 Greece

The association focuses on protecting the rights and supporting the integration and development of the Azerbaijani community in Greece. It promotes the study of the Azerbaijani language and the exchange of cultural and historical values between Azerbaijan and Greece. The association also aims to strengthen bilateral relations by enhancing tourism, trade, and business ties between the two countries.

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