



Diaspora engagement mapping CAMEROON

Facts & figures

Terminology: Cameroon refers to its diaspora as 'Cameroonians abroad', although the term diaspora is also used in some contexts.

Political rights



Dual citizenship¹



Right to vote in national elections
for citizens residing abroad²:
with restrictions



Remittances



Remittances as a share of GDP: **1.29%**
Remittances inflow (USD million): **690**

Voting from abroad:

At embassies/consulates



Data disclaimer

As diaspora definitions vary widely, we have chosen to use comparable data on emigration as a proxy. This does not include all who consider themselves diaspora and is not necessarily aligned with national definitions of diaspora. Emigration data comes from UNDESA (2024) and remittances from the World Bank (2024).

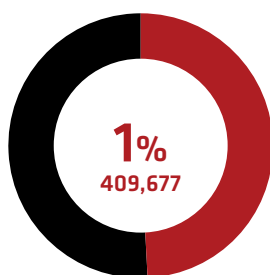
Emigration



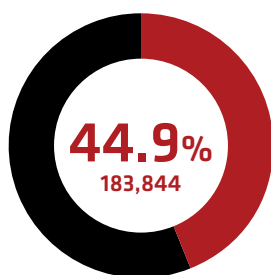
% of emigrants in
total population



% of which
in the EU



♂ 49%
♀ 51%



♂ 44.3%
♀ 55.7%

Top countries of destination



France	127,995
Nigeria	56,288
Gabon	54,949
Canada	43,662
Chad	40,472

¹ In Cameroon, the nationality code of June 11, 1968, states that; once a Cameroonian citizen obtains the citizenship of another country, s/he automatically loses his or her Cameroonian nationality. Full text available at: <https://www.refworld.org/docid/3ae6b4db1c.html>. For a discussion of some of the issues relating to dual citizenship in Cameroon, see: <https://www.cameroonweb.com/CameroonHomePage/features/Toward-dual-citizenship-in-Cameroon-Win-win-proposals-357007>

² Law No. 2011/013 of 13 July 2011 permits voting abroad for Cameroonian nationals that register with Electoral Commission Focal Points in embassies, but excludes Cameroonian diaspora with other nationalities. As many Cameroonian diaspora hold other nationalities this effectively disbars them from participating in Cameroonian electoral processes. In addition, concerns have been raised about diaspora voter registration processes. For more information see <http://www.elecam.cm/?q=en/node/104>; <https://www.france24.com/fr/20181005-cameroun-presidentielle-reportage-paris-diaspora-biya>; and <https://cameroonvoice.com/opinion/2018/08/27/election-presidentielle-2018-et-diaspora-camerounaise-leternelle-incomprehension/>

Overview of the policy and legislative framework



- 2009** ● **Vision 2035³** sets out an action plan that includes mobilising funds and putting the financial system at the service of development. It also includes devising an appropriate strategy to capitalize on the resources of the diaspora. This is the sole reference to diaspora in the strategy.
- 2010** ● **National Growth and Employment Strategy⁴** includes the component 'NDS-4.1.2 Development of scientific and technological collaboration with scientists and engineers in the Diaspora'. There is little available information on this component, but one example of its implementation is the partnership agreement signed between a Cameroonian diaspora organisation in Germany, VKII, and the University of Yaounde I (see Spotlight section).
- 2018** ● **National Development Strategy 2020-2030⁵** aims to build the country's economy through a series of regulatory and other reforms to attract greater investment. It includes the objective '(iii) attract capital-holders (investors and the diaspora) and professionals in the different sectors of the financial ecosystem.' Priority sectors under this strategy include energy, agro-industry, digital, manufacturing, trade, and culture and tourism. In late 2018 the National Development Strategy 2020-2030 was presented to the Cabinet.⁶

Practices

Explore 520+ practices by country, SDG or sector of engagement in the [interactive database!](#)



FODIAS - Forum for the Diaspora

The Forum for the Diaspora held in Yaounde in 2017 was organised by the government in partnership with the Agence Française de Développement. It aimed to develop an inclusive strategy between the Cameroonian government and members of the Diaspora. The Forum resulted in a range of recommendations including the establishment of a Secretariat of State for the Diaspora, along with the development of a database of diaspora members including their socio-economic profile and professional competencies.

Diaspora Health Initiatives

Cameroonian medical, pharmacy and dentistry students in Germany founded the Cameroonian diaspora association Camfomedics. It runs many projects in Cameroon such as PINK. PINK includes a portal for information on internship, clinical traineeship and practical placement opportunities for medical and nursing careers in Cameroon.⁷

The focus of the iMED programme (Improving Medical Education and Health Care Delivery through Diaspora Engagement) is to train Cameroonian doctors in the use of simple, modern, 'minimally invasive' diagnostic and therapeutic instruments. Cameroonian doctors from abroad work or teach within the framework of the programme.^{8,9}

3 Ministry of Economy, Planning and Regional Development (2009), Vision 2035, available at: http://www.cameroon-embassy.nl/wp-content/uploads/2016/04/Cameroon_VISION_2035_English_Version.pdf

4 https://www.cameroonembassyusa.org/images/documents_folder/quick_links/Cameroon_DSCE_English_Version_Growth_and_Employment_Strategy_Paper_MONITORING.pdf

5 Available at: https://www.minepat.gov.cm/index.php?option=com_docman&view=download&alias=117-expose-of-minepat-pillars-of-the-2020-2030-nds-and-institutional-mechanism-for-its-implementation-cabinet-meeting-of-28-november-2019&category_slug=exposes&Itemid=284&lang=en

6 <https://www.cameroon-tribune.cm/article.html/29465/fr.html/nationdevelopment-strategy-document-for-2020-2030-period-presented>

7 <https://www.camfomedics.org/de>

8 <https://www.alumniportal-deutschland.org/en/global-goals/sdg-03-health/diaspora-association-cameroon-camfomedics/>

9 Danielle Minteu Kadje 2020, 'Migration and Development Between Germany and Cameroon', in *Trans* 2020-04-02

Diaspora Supported Education, Knowledge, Technology and Entrepreneurship in Africa (DISEKTEA) 2.0

DISEKTEA 1.0 was a skills and technology transfer initiative set up by The Association of Cameroonian Engineers and Computer Scientists (VKII) and DÄSAV (the German-Ethiopian students and academics Association) with the support of GIZ.

The programme included practically oriented training for students in actual relevant technological areas, such as Bio Energy and Mobile Apps Programming.¹⁰

Dias'Invest 237

The Dias'Invest 237 scheme is a project of the Ministry of External Relations of Cameroon.

Programme partners in France and in Cameroon select business creation projects most relevant to the Cameroonian context, with priority given to social impact investments led by women entrepreneurs. Dias'Invest 237 partners plan to work with all selected entrepreneurs to develop a 3-phase business analysis and an implementation plan elaborated in collaboration with the entrepreneur. The scheme is only open to Cameroonian diaspora entrepreneurs based in France.¹¹

Developing a diaspora mobilisation strategy

In 2018, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, in partnership with the IOM MIDA programme, was working to develop a diaspora mobilisation strategy specifically focused on the return of qualified nationals. During its pilot phase the project facilitated Cameroonian specialists in the health and education sectors to return to Cameroon and help build up the human capital much needed by the country. Its current status is unclear.

CUD-Diaspora 2023

The city of Douala in Cameroon has launched a platform to encourage the involvement of its diaspora in the city's development. The aim is to solicit the expertise of members of the Cameroonian diaspora in various fields such as energy, digital (smart city), real estate, agri-food etc. Through this platform, interested people can, for example, submit entrepreneurial projects. The platform also provides useful resources for the diaspora, such as investment regulations and land procedures. By offering this, the city of Douala is calling on its diaspora to invest and carry out projects to contribute to the city's development.

Programme DIALYJ - Diaspora and Local Youth Joint-Venture 2021 - ongoing

Being part of the Programme for Supporting the Return and Insertion of Young Diaspora (Pari-Jedii) led by the government of Cameroon, DIALYJ offers an innovative platform that aims to promote, support and finance diaspora youth-led industrialisation initiatives in joint venture with their local peers in Cameroon. It facilitates idea-sharing and resource exchanges between young Cameroonians living abroad and their like-minded local counterparts, ultimately tapping diaspora potential to create and improve local youth business for local development. Following the first call issued in 2022, DIALYJ has supported 27 youth-led projects, with a total investment of CFA 399 million by the end of 2023.

¹⁰ Ibid.

¹¹ <https://www.afd.fr/fr/actualites/cameroun-lancement-de-lappel-candidatures-diasinvest-237>

Cameroon Diaspora Dialogue 2022 - ongoing

The Cameroon Diaspora Dialogues were initiated by #defyhatenow in 2022, aimed at uniting Cameroonians abroad to engage in conflict transformation and peacebuilding dialogue. The project has fostered a space for exchange and collective action, as well as solidarity among the diaspora through diverse initiatives, including town halls, panel discussions, and recreational activities.

Diaspora Engagement Strategy for the Socio-Economic Development of Cameroon 2025 - 2026

Launched by the Ministry of External Relations (MINREX), in collaboration with IOM Mission in Cameroon, this project aims to support the Government of Cameroon in developing a strategic document and policy instrument for mobilising the diaspora in support of Cameroon's sustainable and inclusive socio-economic development. Expected outcomes include a gender-sensitive diaspora engagement strategy, accompanied by an action plan, a mapping of Cameroonian diaspora, as well as strengthened diaspora engagement capacity of MINREX and relevant stakeholders.

SmartMobileClinic – Expanding telehealth services in rural communities in Cameroon (D4D Grant)



The project aims to expand telehealth services in rural Cameroon by improving access to quality healthcare through a digital platform that enables healthcare workers to collect, manage and share patient data, ultimately supporting better treatment and more effective health system planning. Led by the German-based diaspora organisation Mapubi e.V. in partnership with local actors such as the Health and Research Organisation Cameroon (HERO), it combines capacity-building for healthcare workers, rural outreach campaigns and technological upgrades, including AI-driven features, to strengthen service delivery in underserved communities. In this context, the diaspora organisation plays a key bridging role, mobilising international expertise, skills and networks to facilitate knowledge transfer and co-develop sustainable, locally relevant healthcare solutions.

Project To Develop A National Strategy For Mobilising The Diaspora

Launched by the Ministry of External Relations (MINREX), in partnership with the International Organization for Migration (IOM) Mission in Cameroon, this project aims to support the Government of Cameroon in drawing up a strategy document for mobilizing the diaspora in support of Cameroon's sustainable and inclusive socio-economic development, taking gender issues into account and accompanied by an action plan. It will also enable mapping of the skills of members of the diaspora, create a directory of expatriate entrepreneurs and investors and gain a better understanding of the profiles of Cameroonians living abroad.

» Observations

The “Observations” and “Obstacles” sections contain additional information on the context of diaspora engagement that does not fit directly into the other sections. They are based on a combination of literature review and comments from the authors. New information is incorporated during the annual updates. Readers are invited to verify the relevance of the information at the time of reading, as the context may have evolved.

Due to economic factors and a lack of employment opportunities, since the 1980s the country's frustrated youth has tended to pin its hopes on emigrating from the 1980s onwards, especially the high skilled. This has led to skills shortages in areas such as education and medicine, and has had a negative impact on the economy. According to a 2018 AU study, the Cameroonian diaspora in Europe are highly qualified.¹²

Cameroonian diaspora organisations, although mostly small, are very active, delivering projects across a range of sectors including health, education, skills and technology transfer, and business and enterprise.¹³ See the Spotlight section for examples.

EU states have sought to encourage diaspora contributions to Cameroon. Germany and France have been active in working with diaspora organisations and high-skilled professionals to promote skills and technology transfer, as well as investment.¹⁴

The current political instability in the country and worsening ethnic tensions, combined with the ongoing insurgency by extremists in the region, have meant that Cameroon's focus has been on national security and securing its borders, rather than on diaspora engagement, with the diaspora sometimes perceived as a threat.¹⁵

Remittances to Cameroon make up less than 1% of GDP, so there currently is little financial incentive for the government to prioritise diaspora engagement. Cameroonian diaspora savings – estimated at around \$700m¹⁶ in 2016 – are significant, but harnessing these for investment will require both confidence-building measures and incentives for diaspora investors.

Since 2020, in line with the National Development Strategy, the Government has called upon the diaspora to further invest and do business in Cameroon.¹⁷

12 AU (2018), Diaspora Mapping and Research Study in Five European Countries. Available at: <https://www.giz.de/de/downloads/2018%20Diaspora%20Mapping%20Study%20Europe%20ENG.pdf>. This is consistent with a 2009 IOM study which found that 42% of the Cameroonian diaspora working in Europe were highly qualified. See: <https://publications.iom.int/books/migration-au-cameroun-profil-national-2009>

13 <https://www.forim.net/sites/default/files/Repertoire%20des%20associations%20camerounaises%20de%20France.pdf>

14 <https://www.cimonline.de/static/media/giz2016-fr-diaspora-kamerun.pdf>; <https://www.afd.fr/fr/carte-des-projets/favoriser-les-investissements-productifs-de-la-diaspora-camerounaise>

15 <https://foreignpolicy.com/2019/05/13/cameroons-separatist-movement-is-going-international-ambazonia-military-forces-amf-anglo-phone-crisis/>

16 Commonwealth Senior Finance Officials Meeting 2016 Discussion Note: Action to Expand the Economic Impact of Diaspora Finance, available at: https://thecommonwealth.org/sites/default/files/inline/FMM1603%20-%20SOM_Diaspora.pdf

17 <https://ecomatin.net/diaspora-des-parlementaires-camerounais-font-du-lobbying-aupres-du-fmi2/>; <https://www.investiraucameroun.com/gestion-publique/1410-18579-entrepreneuriat-le-cameroun-lance-des-consultations-pour-la-creation-d-un-fonds-dappui-aux-jeunes-de-la-diaspora>; <https://www.jeuneafrique.com/1307833/politique/cameroun-yaounde-en-operation-seduction-aupres-de-la-diaspora/>

Obstacles



- **Lack of trust:** Even before the current period of political instability, there was significant mistrust between the Cameroonian government and its diaspora. The increase in tensions between the Anglophone and Francophone regions of the country and the rise of a secessionist movement have exacerbated this trend greatly in recent years, and lack of trust is thus probably the greatest barrier to improving diaspora engagement.¹⁸
- **Lack of policy focus:** Historically, national development strategies have not effectively engaged the views and intellectual input of the Cameroonian diaspora, and include few references to the diaspora.¹⁹ The lack of a dedicated diaspora strategy or institutions, as well as a lack of information, hinder more effective diaspora engagement.
- **Diaspora capacity constraints:** Organisations established by the Cameroonian diaspora have suffered from severe capacity constraints, lacking formal social organisation or proper channels to gain access to useful information and networks. Furthermore, Cameroonian associations are typically far more marginally linked with mainstream development agencies compared with other comparable diaspora communities.²⁰
- **Voting restrictions:** Even though the voting rights for Cameroonians abroad are formally recognised, they remain significantly restricted in practice. Under Article 271 of the Electoral Code, diaspora citizens can vote in presidential elections and referendums, but are excluded from participating in parliamentary and municipal elections, limiting their overall political participation. Additionally, Law No. 2011/013 restricts voting abroad to those registered at embassies and excludes dual nationals, which disenfranchises a large portion of the diaspora.²¹

18 <https://www.theafricareport.com/22437/camerootns-diaspora-learning-to-live-with-the-enemy-within/>

19 Richard Agbor Ayukndang Enoh (2014) 'Interactions between the government and Diasporas: the West-African case of Cameroon', *Diaspora Studies*, 7:2, 75-87

20 Awango (2013). *The Cameroonian Diaspora: An Assessment of its Role in Local Development*. Available at: <https://www.socionauki.ru/journal/articles/165438/>

21 <https://nkafu.org/diasporas-political-participation-in-camerootns-between-aspirations-for-alternation-and-continuity/>

Annex:

List of Actors

Explore the institutionalisation of diaspora engagement worldwide via the [typology of 520+ institutions](#)



Diaspora related institutions

- **At regional level**

African Union Citizens and Diaspora Directorate (AU CIDO) Continental Meetings

Cameroon is a member of the African Union and nominates a diaspora focal point to represent Cameroon as part of the African Union Citizens and Diaspora Directorate (AU CIDO) Continental Meetings

Economic Community of Central African States (ECCAS)

- **National institutions**

- At ministerial level

Ministry of External Relations (MINREX)

MINREX has the responsibility of promoting and protecting Cameroon's and its citizens' interests abroad. It is the lead ministry for diaspora engagement. Cameroonian embassies and consulates in Europe and North America often include a desk officer in charge of diaspora engagement, but there is little public information about the services provided to the diaspora. There is a section of the MINREX website for 'communities abroad' which is currently under development.²²

- At sub-ministerial level

Directorate of Cameroonians Abroad

The Directorate of Cameroonians abroad, foreigners in Cameroon, refugees and migration issues (Direction des Camerounais à l'Étranger, des Étrangers au Cameroun, des Réfugiés et des Questions migratoires) is responsible for developing and implementing policies and programmes related to migration.

Diaspora organisations in Europe

Associazione Camerunensi di Roma e Lazio (CAMROL)

Read more about diaspora organisations in "[Starting guide: What is a diaspora organisation](#)"



- ☑ **Integration activities**

The CAMROL Association was founded in 2014 to foster integration and assist Cameroonians living in Lazio. Implementing social cooperation projects in Italy and Cameroon, CAMROL aims to promote Cameroonian culture and regularly organises events promoting African culture and literature.

²² <https://diplomcam.cm/index.php/en/citizen-services/cameroonians-abroad>

Association Franco-camerounaise BIAGNE France

Development activities

BIAGNE works to improve the quality of primary and specialised care in different structures in place in western Cameroon, it also collects and transports technical equipment and participates in the continuous training of medical and paramedical staff.

Cameroon Forum United Kingdom

Development activities

Cameroon Forum works to help Cameroonians in the diaspora integrate into their host communities, and draw upon their skills and experience for the mutual development of Cameroon and their host communities in the business, social and charity domains. In 2012 it founded the African Diaspora Action Against Malaria (ADAAM) which works with diaspora medical professionals to fight against malaria in Africa through awareness-raising in local communities in Cameroon and policy advocacy in the UK.²³

DIANA ry

Development activities

DIANA ry is a non-profit, non-governmental organisation aimed at mobilising expertise of African academics, researchers and scientists in the diaspora and related resources.

Deutsch-Afrikanische Brücke e.V. (German-African Bridge, DABeV) Germany 1992

Development activities

The organisation works in the field of development cooperation with a special focus on economy, hygiene/health, sports and education.

Deutsch-Kamerunisches Forum für die Medizinischen und Paramedizinischen Wissenschaften e.V (Camfomedics) Germany

Development activities

Camfomedics is a Cameroonian diaspora organisation set up by diaspora medical professionals based in Germany. It provides medical treatment, equipment transport, and medical training in Cameroon, and promotes the integration and integration of Cameroonian and German medical students.

Ident.Africa Germany 2004

Development activities

ident.africa was founded in order to address the education deficit in Africa. It delivers education, health, and Micro and Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) support projects in Cameroon with local partners.

²³ Page and Tanyi (2015), *Engaging the African diaspora in the fight against malaria*, available at: https://www.researchgate.net/publication/283101456_Engaging_the_African_diaspora_in_the_fight_against_malaria#fullTextFileContent

Mapubi e.V.

Mapubi e.V. is a non-profit Christian faith diaspora-led organisation based in Germany with representations in France and Cameroon. It was founded in 2009 and is dedicated to support development in Africa by promoting knowledge exchange, especially in education, healthcare and environment.

Verein Kamerunischer Ingenieure und Informatiker e.V. (VKII) Germany

Development activities

VKII works to develop technology-based solutions to development policy problems in Cameroon and abroad. In addition to projects in Cameroon, VKII provides a mentoring programme, and organises symposia and seminars in Germany.

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